SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 943

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATORS BRAY, DAYS, WHEELER, COLEMAN, WILSON AND GRAHAM.

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3855S.03I

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal section 170.015, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof six new sections relating to reducing the number of abortions in the state through the prevention first act, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 170.015, RSMo, is repealed and six new sections

- 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 170.015, 191.717, 191.718,
- 3 191.720, 192.970, and 338.012, to read as follows:
 - 170.015. 1. Any course materials and instruction relating to human
- 2 sexuality and sexually transmitted diseases shall be medically and factually
- 3 accurate and shall:
- 4 (1) Present abstinence from sexual activity as the preferred choice of
- 5 behavior in relation to all sexual activity for unmarried pupils because it is the
- 6 only method that is one hundred percent effective in preventing pregnancy,
- 7 sexually transmitted diseases and the emotional trauma associated with
- 8 adolescent sexual activity, and advise students that teenage sexual activity places
- them at a higher risk of dropping out of school because of the consequences of
- 10 sexually transmitted diseases and unplanned pregnancy;
- 11 (2) Stress that sexually transmitted diseases are serious, possible, health
- 12 hazards of sexual activity. Pupils shall be provided with the latest medical
- 13 information regarding exposure to human immunodeficiency virus, acquired
- 14 immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), human papilloma virus, hepatitis and other
- 15 sexually transmitted diseases;
- 16 (3) Present students with the latest medically factual information

17 regarding both the possible side effects and health benefits of all forms of 18 contraception, including the success and failure rates for the prevention of 19 pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases;

- 20 (4) Include a discussion of the possible emotional and psychological 21 consequences of preadolescent and adolescent sexual activity and the 22 consequences of adolescent pregnancy, as well as the advantages of adoption, 23 including the adoption of special needs children, and the processes involved in 24 making an adoption plan;
- 25 (5) Teach skills of conflict management, personal responsibility and 26 positive self-esteem through discussion and role-playing at appropriate grade 27 levels to emphasize that the pupil has the power to control personal 28 behavior. Pupils shall be encouraged to base their actions on reasoning, 29 self-discipline, sense of responsibility, self-control, and ethical considerations, 30 such as respect for one's self and others. Pupils shall be taught not to make 31 unwanted physical and verbal sexual advances or otherwise exploit another 32 person. Pupils shall be taught to resist unwanted sexual advances and other negative peer pressure; 33
- 34 (6) Advise pupils of the laws pertaining to their financial responsibility 35 to children born in and out of wedlock and advise pupils of the provisions of 36 chapter 566, RSMo, pertaining to statutory rape.
- 2. Policies concerning referrals and parental notification regarding some contraception shall be determined by local school boards, consistent with the provisions of section 167.611, RSMo.
- 3. A school district which provides human sexuality instruction may separate students according to gender for instructional purposes.
- 4. The board of a school district shall determine the specific content of the district's instruction in human sexuality, in accordance with subsections 1 to 3 of this section, and shall ensure that all instruction in human sexuality is appropriate to the age of the students receiving such instruction.
- 5. A school district shall notify the parent or legal guardian of each student enrolled in the district of:
- 48 (1) The basic content of the district's human sexuality instruction to be 49 provided to the student; and
- 50 (2) The parent's right to remove the student from any part of the district's 51 human sexuality instruction.
- 52 6. A school district shall make all curriculum materials used in the 53 district's human sexuality instruction available for public inspection pursuant to

54 chapter 610, RSMo, prior to the use of such materials in actual instruction.

- 55 7. If any individual believes that the local school district is not complying with this section, such individual may request in writing to 56 the state auditor that the local school district's curriculum on human 57 sexuality be audited. If the state auditor finds that the local school 58 district has violated this section, the audit finding shall be forwarded to 59 the attorney general. If the attorney general agrees with the auditor's 60 61 findings, the attorney general shall advise such school district that both 62 the state auditor and attorney general have determined that the school district is not in compliance with the requirements of this section. Any 63 school district which does not correct the deficiencies in its human 64 65 sexuality curriculum to the satisfaction of both the state auditor and the 66 attorney general in a timely manner shall be considered as having a 67 negative result for purposes of meeting the objectives of any school 68 improvement plan of the district.
- 191.717. 1. Sections 191.717 and 191.718 may be cited as the ² "Compassionate Assistance for Rape Emergencies (CARE) Act".
- 2. As used in sections 191.717 to 191.718, unless the context clearly
 indicates otherwise, the following terms shall mean:
- 5 (1) "Emergency care to sexual assault victims", medical 6 examinations, procedures, or services provided at a hospital to a sexual 7 assault victim following an alleged rape;
- 8 (2) "Emergency contraception", any drug or device approved by
 9 the Food and Drug Administration that prevents pregnancy after sexual
 10 intercourse;
- 11 (3) "Health care facility", any urgent care center or facility that 12 offers treatment for patients during normal business, after-business, or 13 weekend hours and that is affiliated with a licensed hospital;
- (4) "Medically and factually accurate and objective", verified or supported by the weight of research conducted in compliance with accepted scientific methods and is published in peer-reviewed journals where applicable; or comprising information that leading professional organizations and agencies with relevant expertise in the field, such as the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG), recognize as accurate and objective;
 - (5) "Sexual assault", as defined in section 566.040, RSMo;

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22 (6) "Sexual assault victim", a female who is alleged to have been

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23 raped and is presented as a patient.

191.718. 1. It shall be the standard of care for any hospital and any health care facility that provides emergency care to sexual assault 3 victims to:

- (1) Provide each sexual assault victim with medically and 4 factually accurate and objective written and oral information about emergency contraception; 6
- 7 (2) Orally inform each sexual assault victim of her option to be provided emergency contraception at the hospital; and 8
- 9 (3) Provide the complete regimen of emergency contraception 10 immediately at the hospital or health care facility to each sexual assault 11 victim who requests it.
 - 2. Hospitals and health care facilities shall ensure that each person who provides care to sexual assault victims is provided with medically and factually accurate and objective information about emergency contraception.
- 3. The department of health and senior services shall develop, prepare, and produce informational materials relating to emergency contraception for the prevention of pregnancy for distribution to use in 18 any hospital or health care facility in the state in quantities sufficient 19 to comply with the requirements of this section. The director, in 20collaboration with community sexual assault programs, may also 22approve informational materials from other sources.
 - 4. The information materials must:
- 24 (1) Be medically and factually accurate and objective;
- (2) Be clearly written and readily comprehensible in a culturally 25 competent manner, as the department deems necessary to inform victims 26of sexual assault; and 27
 - (3) Explain the nature of emergency contraception, including its use, safety, efficacy, and availability, and that it does not cause abortion.
- 30 5. The department of health and senior services shall respond to 31 complaints and shall periodically determine whether hospitals and 32health care facilities are complying with the provisions of this section. The department may use all investigative tools available to 33 verify compliance. If the department determines that a hospital or health care facility is not in compliance, the department shall: 35
- (1) Impose an administrative penalty of five thousand dollars per 36

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woman who is denied medically and factually accurate and objective information about emergency contraception or who is not offered or provided emergency contraception; and

- (2) Impose an administrative penalty of five thousand dollars for failure to comply with the provisions of this section and for every thirty days that a hospital or health care facility is not in compliance, an additional penalty of five thousand dollars shall be imposed.
- 6. The department shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of sections 191.717 to 191.718.
- 46 7. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 47 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this 48 section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to 49 all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 50 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to 5152chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, 53then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or 54adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be invalid and void. 55
 - 191.720. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Birth Control Protection Act".
 - 2. The general assembly of this state finds that:
- 4 (1) Citizens of this state have a protectable interest in the 5 freedom from unreasonable government intrusions into their private 6 lives;
- 7 (2) This interest in freedom from unreasonable government 8 intrusions into the private lives of citizens encompasses and protects the 9 right of consenting individuals to obtain and use safe and effective 10 methods of contraception without interference by governmental entities;
- 11 (3) It is the public policy of this state that the interest in freedom
 12 from unreasonable government intrusions into the private lives of
 13 citizens, and specifically the right of consenting individuals to obtain
 14 and use safe and effective methods of contraception without interference
 15 by governmental entities, shall be safeguarded and that the laws of this
 16 state shall be interpreted and construed to recognize and protect these
 17 rights.
 - 3. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no governmental

19 actor or entity, whether state, county, municipal, or otherwise, within

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- 20 the state of Missouri, shall:
- 21 (1) Be authorized to act in any fashion so as to deprive consenting 22 individuals of the right to obtain and use safe and effective methods of 23 contraception; or
- (2) Interfere with or discriminate against, in the regulation or provision of benefits, facilities, services, or information, the right of consenting individuals to obtain and use safe and effective methods of contraception.
- 4. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to prevent implementation of laws, rules, ordinances, taxes, or regulations affecting the method and manner of sale or distribution of contraceptives, provided such laws, rules, ordinances, taxes, or regulations are reasonably designed to promote public health and safety, and do not have the effect of unreasonably hindering public access to contraceptives.
 - 192.970. 1. Subject to appropriation, the department of health and senior services shall implement a women's health services program by July 1, 2007. Initial funding for the program shall be in the amount of five million dollars. Such program shall have the goal of reducing the number of unintended pregnancies in Missouri by providing women's health services through qualified health providers, as determined by the department.
- 8 2. For purposes of this section, women's health services shall 9 include, but not be limited to:
- 10 (1) Breast and cervical cancer checks;
- 11 (2) Screening and treatment for sexually transmitted diseases;
- 12 (3) HIV screening;

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and

- 13 (4) Voluntary choice of contraception, including natural family 14 planning;
- 15 (5) Infertility treatment;
- 16 (6) Patient education and pre-pregnancy counseling on the 17 dangers of smoking, alcohol, and drug use during pregnancy;
- 18 (7) Education on sexual coercion and violence in relationships;
- 20 (8) Prenatal and other health care referrals.
 - 338.012. 1. Every pharmacy licensed by the board of pharmacy

2 owes a duty to properly fill the valid and lawful prescriptions of 3 customers.

- 2. Every licensed pharmacy shall require employees and prospective employees to notify it in writing of categories or types of prescriptions that he or she would decline to fill due to sincerely held religious beliefs.
- 3. Once notified pursuant to subsection 2 of this section, a licensed pharmacy may attempt to accommodate the employee's or prospective employee's sincerely held religious beliefs, so long as such accommodation can be made without causing undue hardship to the pharmacy or its clients.
- 4. For purposes of subsection 3 of this section, undue hardship shall have the same meaning as Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. 2000e, et seq.; including, but not limited to, the following factors:
- (1) Whether the proposed accommodation would delay the filling of prescriptions such that the pharmacy is not able to fill certain prescriptions in the equivalent time period as the pharmacy is filling other prescriptions of in-stock medications or devices at that time;
- 21 (2) The pharmacy's ability to fill the patient's prescription in-22 store;
- 23 (3) The pharmacy's financial costs in implementing the 24 accommodation;
- 25 (4) The negative impact on the pharmacy's reputation or good will 26 in the community due to failure to provide timely prescription services.
- 5. Every licensed pharmacy has a duty to treat each customer in a nonjudgmental manner and ensure that each customer is not subjected to indignity, humiliation, breaches of confidentiality, or pressure to fill or not to fill the prescription, regardless of whether an accommodation has been implemented under subsection 3 of this section.
- 6. Violation of the provisions of this section shall subject the licensed pharmacy to disciplinary action under section 338.055.
- 7. A person or governmental entity who believes that a violation of this section exists may make an allegation of that fact to the board in writing.

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